



Decision of the Prisoners Review Board

Under Sections 5A and B of the *Sentence Administration Act 2003* (WA)

Green, Andrew David

The prisoner should be released on parole on 24 February 2025

On 18 January 2017, Mr Green was sentenced to a twelve year term of imprisonment for four counts of aggravated sexual penetration without consent and two counts of deprivation of liberty. The sentence was backdated to commence on 17 February 2015 taking into account time already spent in custody. Mr Green's earliest eligibility date for release on parole was 16 February 2025.

On 13 January 2025, the Prisoners Review Board (the Board) considered Mr Green's application for parole and determined to place the prisoner on parole for a term of two years from 24 February 2025. Mr Green was advised of the reasons for the decision as follows:

In making this decision the Board took into account the release considerations contained in s5A of the *Sentence Administration Act 2003* (WA) giving paramount consideration to the safety of the community. The Board decided that your release would present an acceptable risk to the safety of the community due to:

- Your participation in voluntary programmes, which demonstrates a motivation and willingness to address your offending behaviour.
- Your completion of the Sex Offenders Deniers Program.
- You having made a commitment to attend counselling to address your offending behaviour.
- Your parole plan which includes confirmed suitable accommodation and support from reintegration services.
- The fact that your supervision for the remainder of your sentence in the community to monitor your behaviour, assist your reintegration and rehabilitation is likely to offer more protection to the community in the long term than your release without any supervision at the end of your sentence.

Mr Green's Parole Order is subject to the standard obligations under s29 of the *Sentence Administration Act 2003* (WA) and the following additional requirements:

- To have no direct or indirect contact with the victims.
- To attend for random urinalysis for all illicit substances as directed by the Community Corrections Officer and provide a valid sample.
- Not to consume alcohol.
- Not to enter licensed premises except cafes, restaurants and sporting venues or grocery stores which may have a liquor licence, but no purchase of liquor permitted at any venue.
- To submit to random breath testing as requested by Police.
- To attend programmes and counselling as directed.
- Not to change address without the prior approval of the Community Corrections Officer.